STRATEGY FOR CHOLERA SUPRANATIONAL SURVEILLANCE

2022 - 2030

CHALLENGES, PRINCIPLES, OBJECTIVES & TARGETS



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From the data lake ... to the indicator repository

CHALLENGES FOR SUPRANATIONAL SURVEILLANCE

- Heterogeneity of country and transmission settings
- Epidemiology and laboratory integration
- Risk of resurgence of large epidemics
- Conflicting country priorities (pandemic)
- Sustained funding

PRINCIPLES FOR SUPRANATIONAL SURVEILLANCE

- Minimize burden
- Country ownership
- Fit-for-purpose outputs
- Language independent

- Informative for teams & partners
- Adaptive to country profiles
- Responsive to threats
- Strengthening country surveillance

OBJECTIVES

- **OBJECTIVE 1: MONITOR ROADMAP IMPACT AND OTHER SUPRANATIONAL STRATEGIES**
- **OBJECTIVE 2: MONITOR HOTSPOTS, DETECT AND ANALYZE CROSS-BORDER OUTBREAKS**
- **OBJECTIVE 3: INTEGRATE EPI AND LAB SURVEILLANCE**
- **OBJECTIVE 4: MONITOR SURVEILLANCE MODALITIES AND PERFORMANCE**
- **OBJECTIVE 5: MAINTAIN A DATA REPOSITORY FOR RESEARCH**

OBJECTIVE 1: MONITOR ROADMAP IMPACT AND OTHER SUPRANATIONAL STRATEGIES

Target 1: Routinely report cholera IBS data to supranational platforms with minimal burden on countries.

Target 2: Supranational data validation, consolidation, analysis and interpretation is supported, allowing for routine production of epidemiological outputs.

Target 3: In liaison with countries providing data, in-depth analyses are performed to inform prevention and control strategies at supranational level.

Target 4: Supranational surveillance is **interoperable** with other pillars e.g. OCV, ORS/pharmaceuticals, WASH, resulting in joint outputs.

OBJECTIVE 2: MONITOR HOTSPOTS, DETECT AND ANALYZE CROSS-BORDER OUTBREAKS

Target 5: Priority areas and hotspots mitigation and control strategies are coordinated across countries in order to maximize impact and prevent cross border spread of outbreaks.

Target 6: Cross-border outbreaks are detected, investigated and responded to in a coordinated way.

OBJECTIVE 3: INTEGRATE EPI AND LAB SURVEILLANCE

Target 7: Laboratory data is linked to case patient data, integrated in national surveillance system and reported at supranational level.

OBJECTIVE 4: MONITOR SURVEILLANCE MODALITIES AND PERFORMANCE

Target 8: The supranational surveillance system documents the surveillance modalities in each country, and monitors surveillance performance indicators.

OBJECTIVE 5: MAINTAIN DATA REPOSITORY FOR RESEARCH

Target 9: The supranational surveillance system provides authoritative data for research.

VISION

By 2030, cholera supranational and national surveillance are working hand in hand to achieve and maintain a cholera-free world.