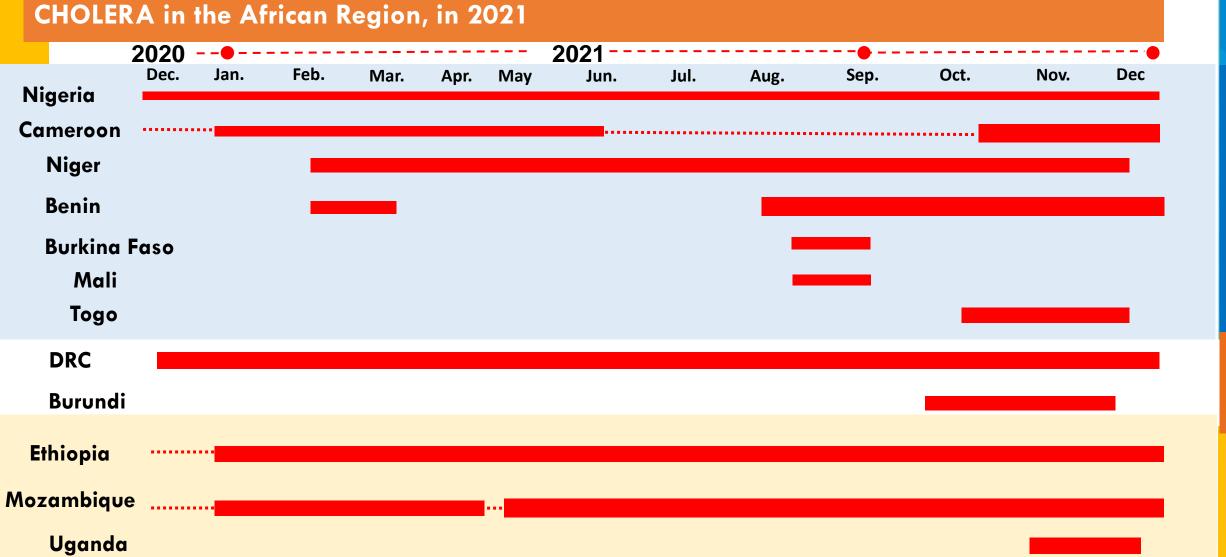




# Multi Country Cholera Response, in Lome TOGO

GTFCC, Group Surveillance, 20-21 April 2022

Dre Ann Fortin, Team Lead, ULC





## CHOLERA in the African Region, in 2021

Countries	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	
Nigeria	768	12,174	45,037	2,486	596	107,911	3.3%
Niger	38	0	3,900	0	0	5,591	3.0%
Benin	761	11	0	50	232	1,064	1.0%
Togo	0	0	0	0	67	39	10.5%
Mali	0	0	0	0	0	13	38.4%
Burkina Faso	0	0	0	0	0	2	0.0%
Ghana	175	0	0	1	0	0	0.0%
Liberia	0	0	2	0	0	0	0.0%
West Africa	1,742	12,185	48,937	2,537	895	114,620	3.3%

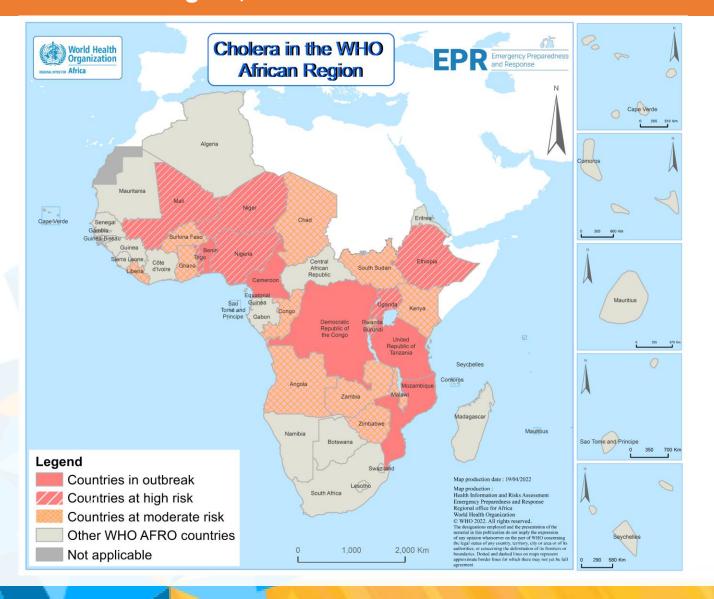
Countries	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	
DRC	28,093	56,190	30,768	30,304	19,789	10,029	1,6%
Cameroon	0	0	11,052	1,840	1,890	500	3,6%
Chad	0	1,266	0	93	0	0	0
Congo	15	0	60	0	0	0	0
Central Africa	29,008	57,456	41,880	32,237	21,679	10,529	2.0%

C	2016	2047	2040	2040	2020	20	24
Countries	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	20	21
Mozambique	883	5,892	910	7,010	3,787	3,899	0.4%
Ethiopia	0	0	0	2,615	12,226	582	1.2%
Uganda	516	252	4,440	358	1,521	173	0
Burundi	434	399	92	1,145	277	3	0
Angola	78	828	1,546	0	0	0	0
Kenya	5,866	4,288	5,719	5,208	447	0	0
Malawi	1,792	344	812	23	3	0	0
Rwanda	4,295	0	0	0	0	0	0
South Sudan	4,295	16,088	0	0	0	0	0
Tanzania	11,360	4,895	4,777	0	0	0	0
Zambia	0	1,794	4,082	447	0	0	0
Zimbabwe	10	0	10,692	61	0	0	0
East & Southern Africa	29,529	34,780	33,070	16,867	18,261	4,657	0,5%

Data non validated in 2021

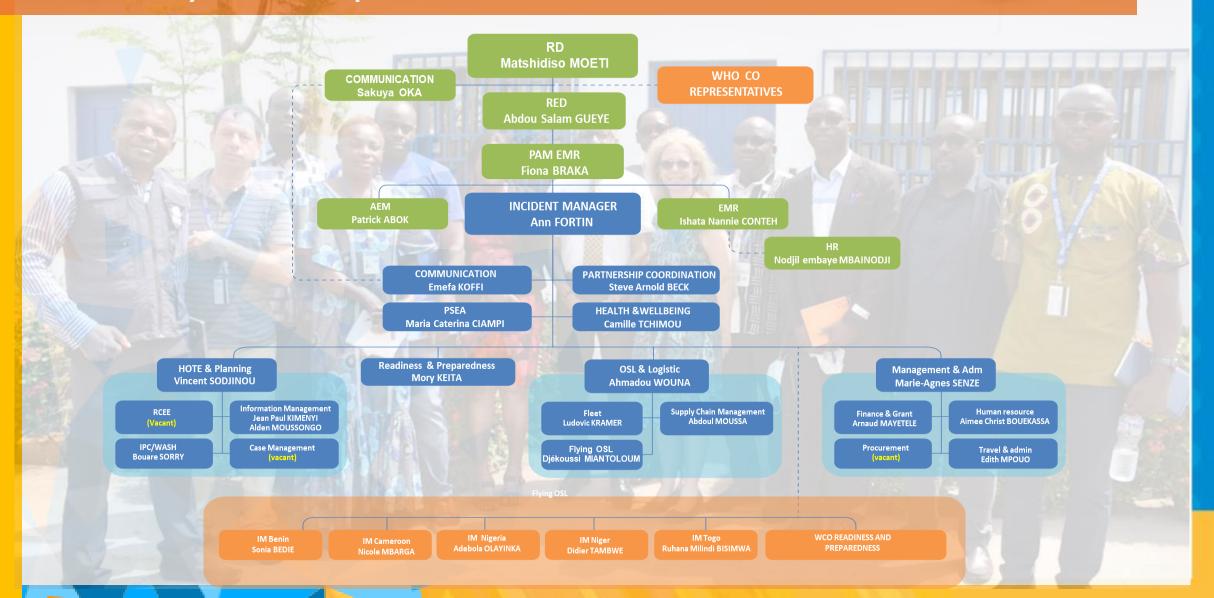


## CHOLERA in the African Region, 31 March 2022





## A Multi Country Cholera Response in Lome TOGO was established on 5 Octobre 2021





## Multi Country Cholera Response in Lome, TOGO

#### October 2021 - March 2022

- Supported five (5) countries in outbreak (Benin, Cameroon, Niger, Nigeria & Togo) for the national response plan and IMS. And six (6) additional countries in outbreaks (Ethiopia, Malawi, Mozambique, Tanzania, Uganda and Zimbabwe) supported through the WHO AFRO Nairobi Hub.
- Conducted reactive vaccination in Cameroun, Niger & Nigeria.
- Provided technical support for preparedness and response through deployment and repurposing of > 100 experts in 11 Member States (Benin, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Chad, Ghana, Malawi, Mali, Niger, Nigeria, Senegal & South Sudan).
- Donated cholera kits and other logistics to eight (8) countries in outbreak and at-risk (Benin, Cameroon, Ethiopia, Malawi, Mozambique, Niger, Nigeria & Togo).
- Supported sept (7) countries (Benin, DRC, Ethiopia, Kenya, Tanzania (Zanzibar), Zambia & Zimbabwe) to complete their hotspots mapping, using the GTFCC tools.
- Supported four (4) cross-border collaboration meetings for West Africa countries as well as one West Africa countries meeting jointly with WAHO and UNICEF.
- Conducted cholera readiness assessments in 22 countries, using a standardised checklist.



### Multi Country Cholera Response in Lome, TOGO

#### October 2021 - March 2022

- Mobilized 10M USD for preparedness and response, of which 3,7M USD was allocated to countries.
- Mobilized 0,3M USD for conducting 6 regional readiness workshops.

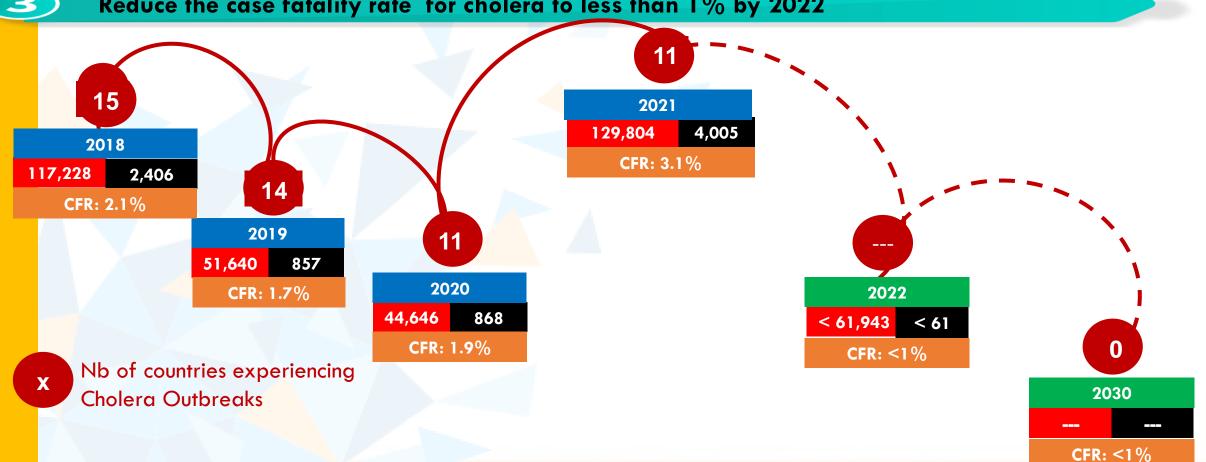
Venue		Start Date				
	Country 1	Country 2	Country 3	Country 4	Country 5	
Lomé	Cote d'Ivoire	Mali	Senegal	Togo		21 March 2022
Niamey	Benin	Burkina-Faso	Chad	Niger		16 May 2022
Kinshasa	Burundi	DRC	Cameroon	Congo	RCA	13 June 2022
Nairobi	Kenya	South <u>Sudan</u>	Uganda	Ethiopia	Zimbabwe	4 July 2022
Abuja	Ghana	Nigeria	Liberia	Sierra Leone		18 July 2022
Dar <u>es</u> Salam	Malawi	Tanzania	Zambia	Mozambique	Angola	22 August 2022

- Secured 0,35M USD of Cholera and WASH kits for the Regional Stockpile in Accra, GHANA.
- Conducted two PSEA trainings with 103 experts trained in 10 Member States.
- Conducted two Cholera preparedness and response trainings with 18 Epidemiologists trained in 10 Member States.
- Developed training material, available in French & English for teams in country.
- Published Information products: Regional-RRA, RRA, EIS and DONs for countries in outbreak.



## REGIONAL FRAMEWORK FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE GLOBAL STRATEGY FOR **CHOLERA PREVENTION AND CONTROL, 2018–2030**

- Reduce by 100% the number of countries experiencing cholera outbreaks by 2030
- Reduce the number of Cholera cases to less than 50% of the current level by 2022
- Reduce the case fatality rate for cholera to less than 1% by 2022





## Success & challenges



#### **Success:**

 The establishment of a HUB in Lomé, Togo to manage the multicountry response

#### **Challenges:**

- Recurring outbreaks and concomitant humanitarian and health problems putting pressure on already strained resources
- Critical shortages of supplies (investigation kits, laboratory kits, etc.)
- Insufficient ownership by Members States to respond to the outbreak and more broadly to implement Regional framework for cholera elimination

#### Challenges with regard to surveillance:

- Delayed outbreaks declaration and Cross-Border collaborations
- Multiple fragmented surveillance systems (IDSR, WER, Cholera specific surveillance, WASH)
- Limited laboratory surveillance
- Limited M & E of the National Elimination Plans and IMplementation (Hotspots mapping, etc.)

