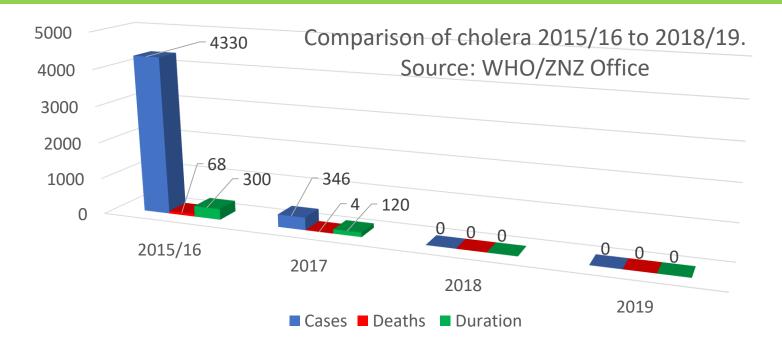


ZANZIBAR'S PROGRESS AND PERSPECTIVE FOR CHOLERA ELIMINATION

6th Annual Meeting of the Global Task Force on Cholera Control (GTFCC)

Les Pensierres Veyrier du Lac, France, 3-4 June 2019

Cholera outbreak 2015/16 & 2016/17



Historically, repeated outbreaks since 1978. No cholera cases reported since June 2017 to date.

Key interventions:

- Developed Multisectoral Cholera Elimination Plan (ZACCEP) and Annual Preparedness and Response Plans
 - The plan have been recently approved by the central Government (cabinet) for implementation
- House to house BCC including promotion of HWTS using Community Volunteers prioritizing hotspot areas
- Regulating and educating street food vending
- Constructed 5 drains/9 kilometers flood control drains with support from WB.
- Water supply improvement AfDB, Exim Bank, these are on-going projects worth USD 116 million

ZANZIBAR'S PERSPECTIVES ON CHOLERA CONTROL: OBJECTIVE, COORDINATION MECHANISM, PLANS FOR OCV AND FOR WASH PROJECTS

Objective of the ZACCEP 2018- 2027.

- To eliminate local transmission of cholera in Zanzibar within a 10-year period (2018/19-2027/28). As a multisectoral issue, three pillars are identified to ensure multisectoral approach to Eliminate the disease.
 - ✓ Create an enabling environment that promotes the elimination of cholera through policy, legislation, and multisectoral coordination
 - ✓ Enhance the scope and effectiveness of preventative measures and services
 - ✓ Improve Zanzibar's capacity to respond and contain localized/isolated outbreaks/cholera events.

Key Components

- Leadership and Coordination: mandated to the 2nd VPO. Ministry of Health saves as the technical arm. A multisectoral Steering committee established to spearhead the implementation of the plan and advise the 2nd VPO.
- WASH Strengthening Projects: On going with ZAWA to enhance water quantity and quality, Sanitation and Hygiene under the support of UNICEF. A 5M USD 3 years project to be launched mid June 2019.
- OCV: with support of WHO, a consultant is currently establishing the requirements of OCV in Zanzibar. Hotspot areas has been identified using Epidemiological data, WaSH situation, Geo-mapping using Drones to identify key WASH infrastructures in hotspots areas. The OCV request will be submitted to WHO soon
- Strengthening diarrhea disease surveillance

NEXT STEP AND EXPECTED SUPPORT FROM THE GTFCC:

- Conduct a costed implementation plan and launching of the ZACCEP document, tentatively by July 2019
- Access the development partners funds for WASH sector improvement especially on sanitation infrastructure: Zanzibar has no sewerage system, wastewater is mostly treated on site.
- Technical and financial support on OCV micro-planning, cold chain capacity at central and regional levels and capacity building of health workers and volunteers and M&E of the OCV campaign
- Support to operationalize the coordination of the programme (Provision of one expert to work with SVPO for two years)
- Reinforcement of surveillance: Laboratory equipment, reagents and skills
- Monitoring and evaluation including research and external evaluations

ESTIMATED BUDGET

Key Strategic Areas	Budget in USD
WASH (Water infrastructure, school and community sanitation and hygiene)	33,219,396
Behavioural Change Communications	4,784,290
Strengthening Surveillance, Cholera Preparedness and Response	1,000,000
Mass Oral Cholera Vaccination (240,000 population)	9,500,000
Human Resources for ZACCEP	1,524,000
Monitoring and Evaluation	785,000
Contingency	976,000
TOTAL	51,788,686

AHSANTE SANA

"Support Zanzibar to Eliminate Cholera With Improved Hygiene and Sanitation, treated water, and vaccination"